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The Navier–Stokes equations are useful because they describe the physics of many phenomena of scientific and engineering interest. They may be used to model the weather, ocean currents, water flow in a pipe and air flow around a wing. The Navier–Stokes equations, in their full and simplified forms, help with the design of aircraft and cars, the study of blood flow, the design of power stations, the analysis of pollution, and many other things.

[Navier–Stokes equations - Wikipedia](#)

The Navier-Stokes equation, in modern notation, is 



ρ


∂

t



u
+
∇
⋅
(
ρ
u
u
)
−
∇
⋅
(
μ
∇

2



u
)
=
−
∇

2



p
−
∇
⋅
f
,


{\displaystyle \rho \partial \_{t}u+\nabla \cdot (\rho uu)-\nabla \cdot (\mu \nabla ^{2}u)=-\nabla ^{2}p-\nabla \cdot f,}

 where *u* is the fluid velocity vector, *P* is the fluid pressure, *ρ* is the fluid density, *μ* is the kinematic viscosity, and *∇*<sup>2</sup> is the Laplacian operator ( see Laplace ' s equation ).

[Navier-Stokes equation | Definition & Facts | Britannica](#)

Euler derived all the terms in this equation except the one on the left-hand side proportional to ( *u* / *ρ* ), and without that term the equation is known as the Euler equation. The whole is called the Navier-Stokes equation.

[Fluid mechanics - Navier-stokes equation | Britannica](#)

The Navier Stokes Equation is used in fluid dynamics to describe the motion of all viscous fluids. We ' ll derive this equation from differential analysis. There are typically two ways we can go about analyzing flow.

[Deriving and Understanding the Navier Stokes Equation ...](#)

The Navier-Stokes equations were derived by Navier, Poisson, Saint-Venant, and Stokes between 1827 and 1845. These equations are always solved together with the continuity equation: The Navier-Stokes equations represent the conservation of momentum, while the continuity equation represents the conservation of mass.

[What Are the Navier-Stokes Equations?](#)

What is Navier-Stokes Equation – Definition [Navier-Stokes Equations](#). In fluid dynamics, the Navier-Stokes equations are equations, that describe the... [Solution of Navier-Stokes Equations](#). Even though the Navier-Stokes equations have only a limited number of known... [Characteristics of Turbulent ...](#)

[What is Navier-Stokes Equation - Definition](#)

The Navier-Stokes equations consists of a time-dependent continuity equation for conservation of mass, three time-dependent conservation of momentum equations and a time-dependent conservation of energy equation. There are four independent variables in the problem, the x, y, and z spatial coordinates of some domain, and the time t.

[Navier-Stokes Equations - NASA](#)

[Navier–Stokes Equation](#) [Waves follow our boat as we meander across the lake, and turbulent air currents follow our flight in a modern jet. Mathematicians and physicists believe that an explanation for and the prediction of both the breeze and the turbulence can be found through an understanding of solutions to the Navier-Stokes equations.](#)

[Navier–Stokes Equation | Clay Mathematics Institute](#)

IThe Navier Stokes equations form a system of differential eq uations: IIn two-dimensional ows there are three variables (U,V,P) and three differential equations (Continuity, U and V -momentum). IIn three-dimensional ows there are four variables and four differential equations.

[The Navier Stokes Equations](#)

In order to apply this to the Navier–Stokes equations, three assumptions were made by Stokes: The stress tensor is a linear function of the strain rate tensor or equivalently the velocity gradient. The fluid is isotropic. For a fluid at rest, 



τ
=
μ
∇
⋅
u
,


{\displaystyle \mathbf {\boldsymbol {\tau }} =\mu \nabla \cdot u,}

 ...

[Derivation of the Navier–Stokes equations - Wikipedia](#)

The Navier-Stokes (N-S) equations is the broadly applied mathematical model to examine changes on those properties during dynamic and/or thermal interactions. The equations are adjustable regarding the content of the problem and are expressed based on the principles of conservation of mass, momentum, and energy:

[What Are the Navier-Stokes Equations? | SimScale Numerics](#)

The Navier-Stokes equations are the basic governing equations for a viscous, heat conducting fluid. It is a vector equation obtained by applying Newton's Law of Motion to a fluid element and is also called the momentum equation. It is supplemented by the mass conservation equation, also called continuity equation and the energy equation.

[Navier-Stokes equations -- CFD-Wiki, the free CFD reference](#)

[The Navier-Stokes Equations Academic Resource Center](#) . [Outline](#) [Introduction: Conservation Principle](#) [Derivation by Control Volume](#) [Convective Terms](#) [Forcing Terms](#) [Solving the Equations](#) [Guided Example Problem](#) [Interactive Example Problem](#) .

[The Navier-Stokes Equations](#)

The Navier-Stokes equation is to momentum what the continuity equation is to conservation of mass. It simply enforces 



∇
⋅
(
ρ
u
)
=
0
,


{\displaystyle \nabla \cdot (\rho u)=0,}

 in an Eulerian frame. It is the well known governing differential

[Navier-Stokes Equation - Continuum Mechanics](#)

A solution of (12), (13) is called a weak solution of the Navier–Stokes equations. A long-established idea in analysis is to prove existence and regularity of solutions of a PDE by first constructing a weak solution, then showing that any weak solution is smooth. This program has been tried for Navier–Stokes with partial success.

[EXISTENCE AND SMOOTHNESS OF THE NAVIER–STOKES EQUATION](#)

The Navier-Stokes equations, developed by Claude-Louis Navier and George Gabriel Stokes in 1822, are equations which can be used to determine the velocity vector field that applies to a fluid, given some initial conditions.

[Fluid Dynamics: The Navier-Stokes Equations - Andrew Gibiansky](#)

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